RULE CHANGE 2024(21)

COLORADO RULES OF CIVIL PROCEDURE Chapter 25 Colorado Rules of County Court Civil Procedure

Rules 304 and 311

Rule 304. Service of Process

- (a) [NO CHANGE]
- (b)(1) [NO CHANGE]
- (2) Initial Process in Forcible Entry and Detainer Cases. Plaintiff shall serve the following on the defendant at least seven days before the return date: (1) summons containing all language and information required by statutecompleted Form JDF 102: Eviction Summons; (2) complaintcompleted Form JDF 101: Eviction Complaint (for residential tenancies) or Form JDF 141: Eviction Complaint (for mobile home tenancies); (3) a blank copy of the answer formForm JDF 103: Eviction Answer (for residential tenancies), Form JDF 143: Eviction Answer (for mobile home tenancies), or CRCCP Form 3 (for all other FED cases); and (4) a blank copy of (4) Form JDF 186 SC: Information for Eviction Cases; (5) Form JDF 185 SC08: Request for Documents in Eviction Cases; and (6) blank copies of Forms JDF 205 and 206 (fee waiver forms).
- (c) (k) [NO CHANGE]

COMMENT [NO CHANGE]

Rule 311. Signing of Pleadings

(a) [NO CHANGE]

(b) Limited Representation. An attorney may undertake to provide limited representation in accordance with Colo.RPC 1.2 to a pro se party involved in a court proceeding. Pleadings or papers filed by the pro se party that were prepared with the drafting assistance of the attorney shall include the attorney's name, address, telephone number and registration number. The attorney shall advise the pro se party that such pleading or other paper must contain this statement. In helping to draft the pleading or paper filed by the pro se party, the attorney certifies that to the best of the attorney's knowledge, information and belief, this pleading or paper is (1) well-grounded in fact based upon a reasonable inquiry of the pro-se party by the attorney, (2) is warranted by existing law or a good faith argument for the extension, modification or reversal of existing law, and (3) is not interposed for any improper purpose, such as to harass or to cause unnecessary delay or needless increase in the cost of litigation. The attorney in providing such drafting assistance may rely on the pro se party's representation of facts, unless the attorney has reason to believe that such representations are false or materially insufficient, in which instance the attorney shall make an independent reasonable inquiry into the facts. Assistance by an attorney to a pro se party in filling out pre-printed and electronically published forms that are issued through the judicial branch for use in court are not subject to the certification and attorney name disclosure requirements of this Rule 311(b).

Limited representation of a pro se party under this Rule 311(b) shall not constitute an entry of appearance by the attorney for purposes of <u>C.R.C.P. 121</u>, section 1–1 or C.R.C.P. 305, and does not authorize or require the service of papers upon the attorney. Representation of the pro se party by the attorney at any proceeding before a judge, magistrate, or other judicial officer on behalf of the pro se party constitutes an entry of an appearance pursuant to <u>C.R.C.P. 121</u>, section 1–1. The attorney's violation of this Rule 311(b) may subject the attorney to the sanctions provided in C.R.C.P. 311(a).

Limited Legal Services. An attorney may provide limited legal services to a self-represented party involved in a civil proceeding in accordance with Colo. R.P.C. 1.2(c) and the following provisions.

(1) Limited Legal Services Requiring Entry of Appearance and Withdrawal. An attorney may make a limited appearance for a self-represented party in a civil proceeding if the attorney files and serves with the court and the other parties and attorneys (if any) a notice of the limited appearance prior to or simultaneous with the part(s) of the proceeding for which the attorney appears. At the conclusion of such part(s) of the proceeding, the attorney's appearance terminates without the necessity of leave of court, upon the attorney filing a notice of completion of limited appearance. Service on an attorney who makes a limited appearance for a party will be valid only in connection with the specific part(s) of the proceeding for which the attorney appears.

- (2) Limited Legal Services Requiring Disclosure of Attorney Assistance without Entry of Appearance. An attorney may provide drafting assistance to a self-represented party involved in a civil proceeding without filing a notice of limited appearance. Documents filed by the self-represented party that were prepared with the drafting assistance of the attorney must include the attorney's name, address, telephone number, e-mail address, and Colorado Bar registration number. The attorney must provide a signed attorney disclosure certification to the self-represented party for the self-represented party to file with the court as an attachment to the document(s). The certification must indicate whether the attorney provided drafting assistance for the entire document or for specific sections only, and if for specific sections, indicate which sections. The certification also must contain the following statement: "In helping to draft the document filed by the selfrepresented party, the attorney certifies that, to the best of the attorney's knowledge, information, and belief, this document, or specified section(s), is (A) well-grounded in fact based upon a reasonable inquiry of the self-represented party by the attorney, (B) warranted by existing law or a good faith argument for the extension, modification, or reversal of existing law, and (C) not interposed for any improper purpose, such as to harass or to cause unnecessary delay or needless increase in the cost of litigation." The attorney in providing such drafting assistance may rely on the self-represented party's representation of facts, unless the attorney has reason to believe that such representations are false or materially insufficient, in which instance the attorney must make an independent reasonable inquiry into the facts. The attorney's violation of this subsection (e)(2) may subject the attorney to the sanctions provided for in C.R.C.P. 11(a). Providing limited legal services to a self-represented party under this subsection (e)(2) does not constitute an entry of appearance by the attorney for purposes of this rule and does not authorize or require the service of papers upon the attorney.
- Assistance. An attorney may provide the following forms of assistance to a self-represented party in a civil proceeding without satisfying the requirements of subsections (b)(1) and (2) of this rule: (A) assistance in filling out pre-printed or electronically published forms that are issued by the judicial branch; (B) oral assistance or advice given to the self-represented party regarding the self-represented party's case; and (C) short-term legal assistance offered to a self-represented party on a pro bono basis, including but not limited to assistance through a nonprofit or court-sponsored program, that does not create an expectation by either the client or the lawyer that legal assistance will continue. Providing limited legal services to a self-represented party under this subsection (b)(3) does not authorize or require the service of papers upon the attorney.

Rule 304. Service of Process

(a) [NO CHANGE]

(b)(1) [NO CHANGE]

(2) Initial Process in Forcible Entry and Detainer Cases. Plaintiff shall serve the following on

the defendant at least seven days before the return date: (1) completed Form JDF 102: Eviction

Summons; (2) completed Form JDF 101: Eviction Complaint (for residential tenancies) or Form

JDF 141: Eviction Complaint (for mobile home tenancies); (3) a blank copy of Form JDF 103:

Eviction Answer (for residential tenancies), Form JDF 143: Eviction Answer (for mobile home

tenancies), or CRCCP Form 3 (for all other FED cases); and (4) a blank copy of Form JDF 108:

Request for Documents in Eviction Cases.

(c) - (k) [NO CHANGE]

COMMENT [NO CHANGE]

Rule 311. Signing of Pleadings

(a) [NO CHANGE]

- (b) Limited Legal Services. An attorney may provide limited legal services to a self-represented party involved in a civil proceeding in accordance with Colo. R.P.C. 1.2(c) and the following provisions.
 - (1) Limited Legal Services Requiring Entry of Appearance and Withdrawal. An attorney may make a limited appearance for a self-represented party in a civil proceeding if the attorney files and serves with the court and the other parties and attorneys (if any) a notice of the limited appearance prior to or simultaneous with the part(s) of the proceeding for which the attorney appears. At the conclusion of such part(s) of the proceeding, the attorney's appearance terminates without the necessity of leave of court, upon the attorney filing a notice of completion of limited appearance. Service on an attorney who makes a limited appearance for a party will be valid only in connection with the specific part(s) of the proceeding for which the attorney appears.
 - (2) Limited Legal Services Requiring Disclosure of Attorney Assistance without Entry of Appearance. An attorney may provide drafting assistance to a self-represented party involved in a civil proceeding without filing a notice of limited appearance. Documents filed by the self-represented party that were prepared with the drafting assistance of the attorney must include the attorney's name, address, telephone number, e-mail address, and Colorado Bar registration number. The attorney must provide a signed attorney disclosure certification to the self-represented party for the self-represented party to file with the court as an attachment to the document(s). The certification must indicate whether the attorney provided drafting assistance for the entire document or for specific sections only, and if for specific sections, indicate which sections. The certification also must contain the following statement: "In helping to draft the document filed by the selfrepresented party, the attorney certifies that, to the best of the attorney's knowledge, information, and belief, this document, or specified section(s), is (A) well-grounded in fact based upon a reasonable inquiry of the self-represented party by the attorney, (B) warranted by existing law or a good faith argument for the extension, modification, or reversal of existing law, and (C) not interposed for any improper purpose, such as to harass or to cause unnecessary delay or needless increase in the cost of litigation." The attorney in providing such drafting assistance may rely on the self-represented party's representation of facts, unless the attorney has reason to believe that such representations are false or materially insufficient, in which instance the attorney must make an independent reasonable inquiry into the facts. The attorney's violation of this subsection (e)(2) may subject the attorney to the sanctions provided for in C.R.C.P. 11(a). Providing limited legal services to a self-represented party under this subsection (e)(2) does not constitute an entry of appearance by the attorney for purposes of this rule and does not authorize or require the service of papers upon the attorney.

(3) Limited Legal Services Not Requiring Entry of Appearance or Disclosure of Attorney Assistance. An attorney may provide the following forms of assistance to a self-represented party in a civil proceeding without satisfying the requirements of subsections (b)(1) and (2) of this rule: (A) assistance in filling out pre-printed or electronically published forms that are issued by the judicial branch; (B) oral assistance or advice given to the self-represented party regarding the self-represented party's case; and (C) short-term legal assistance offered to a self-represented party on a pro bono basis, including but not limited to assistance through a nonprofit or court-sponsored program, that does not create an expectation by either the client or the lawyer that legal assistance will continue. Providing limited legal services to a self-represented party under this subsection (b)(3) does not authorize or require the service of papers upon the attorney.

Amended and Adopted by the Court, En Banc, December 19, 2024, effective immediately.

By the Court:

Richard L. Gabriel Justice, Colorado Supreme Court